

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

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NUMBER 89.

FIRST DAY'S WORK.

President Cleveland Enters on His Active Duties.

TRIALS AND TRIBULATIONS.

Thousands Pass Through the White House and Shake Hands With the Newly Installed Executive—Names of Some of the Principal Callers.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—For the second time in his career, Mr. Cleveland began to realize yesterday morning the trials and tribulations which beset a new president during the first days of his term. Very fortunately for his physical well being, however, the rest of the intervening Sunday and the exodus on that day of thousands of those who would undoubtedly have thronged to the White House had they remained in town, relieved him to a great extent of the fatigue of excessive handshaking which fell to his part eight years ago when there was no Sunday for rest and the spring like weather caused many people to extend their visit to Washington and make the customary pilgrimage to the Mecca of the executive mansion. But, even as it was, he had no easy day.

In accordance with his usual habit, Mr. Cleveland arose early, and after breakfasting went directly to the president's room, where he attempted to dispatch some business. But the throngs of distinguished visitors soon began to storm the doors, and Mr. Cleveland was obliged to forego his work and listen to honeyed words of congratulation from governors of states, senators, representatives and a host of others.

Governors Pattison of Pennsylvania and Northern of Georgia, each with his staff, were the first callers who saw Mr. Cleveland. They were received informally in the president's room. Then came Governor Peck, the humorous statesman from Wisconsin, and with him the brass buttoned members of his staff. Governor Morris of Connecticut, came too with his staff.

There were senators and representatives galore—Mills of Texas, the author of the famous tariff bill and Mr. Cleveland's sterling henchman in congress; Butler of South Carolina, and Palmer, the old warhorse from Illinois. Congressman Springer, chairman of the ways and means committee, who, if he retains his chairmanship in the Fifty-third congress, will be Mr. Cleveland's main dependence in carrying out his tariff views. Behind Mr. Springer's pleasant smile and always courteous demeanor, came a delegation from his state. Theodore Roosevelt, civil service commissioner, remained with the president long enough to congratulate him on his civil service reform utterances in his inaugural address. Ex-Congressman Frank Lawler of Chicago was also among the callers.

Shortly after 9 o'clock the brass bands began to play in the vicinity of the White House, and stepping to their music came many political organizations. The driveway leading to the main doorways of the White House was soon packed with people anxious to shake hands with the president. The Samuel J. Tilden of Philadelphia, 100 strong, was the first organization to obtain admittance, and its members were mustered in a hollow square in the spacious east room until Mr. Cleveland came down stairs. It was not until 20 minutes past 11 o'clock that he entered the room. He was attired in a black cutaway and dark trousers, and looked the picture of good health. It was remarked by many present, who had not seen him more than once or twice in four years, that his appearance was much more improved since his official exit from Washington. His face was ruddy, his eyes clear, and he stood with a firmness that showed him to be a man of remarkable vigor.

Squire William McMullen and Congressman McAlleer headed the Randall, and before the band had half finished playing "Hail to the Chief," they had the line started past Mr. Cleveland and out a convenient window which had been arranged for an exit. Each member was introduced to the president by Mr. McMullen, and received a hearty handshake from him.

Congressman Combs and ex-Congressman Archie Bliss headed the Kings county Democratic organization, with 400 members and a big band. Then came the Cleveland association from the president's own city, Buffalo, and Mr. Cleveland recognized many of its members, several of them being personal friends.

After the clubs came the multitude of the general public. They poured through the main doorway in droves. Two lines of people in double file marched under the portico from noon until 1 o'clock and in through the main doorway, then into the east room, past the bowing, smiling, handshaking chief magistrate, around the apartment, and out of the window of exit. The lines extended 100 yards beyond the entrance to the White House. For a time they reached down the long driveway and into Pennsylvania avenue. Each person who managed to get into the mansion received a handshake and a smile from Mr. Cleveland and he kept up this monotonous routine until a messenger came to his relief at 1 o'clock and informed him that the world's fair delegation was waiting for him in the cabinet room.

Mr. Cleveland left the east room immediately, much to the disappointment of the hundreds who had failed to see him and these were not pacified by the announcement from the doorkeepers that the president would return at 2 o'clock.

Just after his reception of the world's fair delegation Mr. Cleveland saw Mr.

T. B. Benedict of Albany, who is understood to be a candidate for his old office of public printer; Mr. Benedict is not related to Mr. Cleveland's yachting friend, Mr. E. C. Benedict. He also saw his personal friend, Representative Tracy of Albany, who was accompanied by Mr. Spratt of Ogdensburg, N. Y.

CLEVELAND'S FIRST INVITATION.

He Is Asked to Go to Chicago and Open the World's Fair.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—President Cleveland's first official invitation was extended to him yesterday afternoon. It came from the world's fair commissioners and directors, and was presented according to previous engagement in the cabinet room at 1 o'clock.

There were present from the committee on public ceremonies P. A. B. Widener, Chairman B. B. Smalley, V. D. Croner, James Hodges, A. T. Ewing, T. W. Palmer and John T. Dickinson. From the committee on ceremonies of the world's fair directory—E. F. Lawrence, T. R. Bryan, A. H. Revell, Fred W. Peck, Benjamin Butterworth. From the national world's fair commission—Vice President J. A. McKenzie, F. L. Williams, J. T. Harris, E. E. Goodell. General Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., accompanied the committee by invitation, and the Chicago congressional delegation was expected to be present but did not appear.

President Cleveland received the party in the cabinet room. Introductions were made by ex-Senator T. W. Palmer, chairman of the Columbian exposition commissioners. After all the gentlemen had been greeted, many of them old acquaintances of the president, Mr. Widener addressed the president, who stood at the head of the table with his hands on his hips in an attitude of earnest attention. Mr. Widener said:

MR. PRESIDENT—It gives me great pleasure, as chairman of the committee on public ceremonies, to extend to you an invitation to be present at and participating in the opening exercises of the Columbian world's fair exposition, on the first day of May next. The occasion commemorates the greatest event in the history of the western continent, and tells of the glories of the greatest country on that continent and of the world. It is entirely proper that the opening of the exposition should be formally proclaimed by the president of the United States. The committee desire me to express the hope that Mrs. Cleveland, who will also receive an invitation, may accompany you on that occasion.

President Cleveland's response was entirely informal, and consisted mainly of questions as to the length of the program and the time it would be necessary for him to remain in Chicago to perform what was expected of him. "If I go," he said, "it will be because I deem it a public duty which I ought to discharge. At that time, as you gentlemen are doubtless aware, there will be many matters of public importance to demand my presence here."

JUDGE GRESHAM SWORN IN.

The Oath of Office of Secretary of State Formally Taken.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Judge Gresham took the oath of office as secretary of state at the state department yesterday afternoon. His commission with those of the other members of the cabinet had been received at the White House from the department, and were handed by Private Secretary Thurber to the president, who signed them immediately.

Shortly afterward Judge Gresham came over to the White House but the president was busy shaking hands in the east room and his new secretary of state made no attempt to see him. Instead, he was driven over to the state department in the carriage of Mr. Thurber, who accompanied him bearing the commissions of the members of the cabinet. Colonel Crook, the disbursing officer and notary public of the White House, administered the oath of office. Mr. Wharton afterward signed Judge Gresham's commission and the latter will perform a like office today for his associates in the cabinet.

It is probable that the seven other cabinet officers will take the prescribed oath at the state department between 10 and 11 o'clock this morning. The oath taking will be accompanied by more ceremony than has been customary, and it is said that the method to be pursued is without precedent as it has been the custom for newly appointed cabinet officers to be sworn in at their respective departments in a manner devoid of formality.

When the oaths have been taken, Judge Gresham will sign the commissions of his colleagues in the cabinet.

Yesterday afternoon when he had been inducted into office, he went to the White House and paid his respects to the president.

The new secretary of state was engrossed with the duties devolving upon him and he failed to meet many friends who called upon him at the hotel.

Assistant Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Hon. Josiah Quincy of Massachusetts was yesterday formally tendered the position of assistant secretary of state by Secretary Gresham, which he accepted. Mr. Quincy is a member of the national committee and in the campaign was chairman of the committee on campaign literature. He is a graduate of Harvard and a lawyer by profession.

Gave Bond.

CHICAGO, March 7.—The four men charged by the coroner's jury with the responsibility for the deaths caused by the falling of the York building walls, John York, the owner; Architect Furst; Contractor Campbell and Building Commissioner O'Neill, gave bond yesterday afternoon for their appearance before the grand jury, the first three named in the sum of \$5,000 each, and Commissioner O'Neill in the sum of \$3,000.

WE ARE IN DANGER.

So Says Cleveland in His Inaugural Address.

THE COUNTRY THREATENED.

The Integrity and Usefulness of the Government Menaced by the People Themselves—The Result of the November Election Is the Verdict of the People as to Protection Merely For Protection's Sake—Public Money Wanted—Legislation Needed For Trusts—Anxious That His Party Redeem All Pledges.

MY FELLOW CITIZENS—In obedience to the mandate of my countrymen I am about to dedicate myself to their service under the sanction of a solemn oath. Deeply moved by the expression of confidence and personal attachment which has called me to this service, I am sure my gratitude can make no better return than the pledge I now give before God and these witnesses of unreserved and complete devotion to the interests and welfare of those who have honored me.

I deem it fitting on this occasion, while indicating the opinions I hold concerning public questions of present importance to also briefly refer to the existence of certain conditions and tendencies among our people which seem to menace the integrity and usefulness of their government.

While every American citizen must contemplate with the utmost pride and enthusiasm the growth and expansion of our country, the sufficiency of our institutions to stand against the rudest shocks of violence, the wonderful thrift and enterprise of our people, and the demonstrated superiority of our free government, it behooves us to constantly watch for every symptom of insidious infirmity that threatens our national vigor.

The strong man who, in the confidence of sturdy health, courts the sternest activities of life and rejoices in the hardihood of constant labor, may still have lurking near his vitals the unheeded disease that dooms him to sudden collapse.

It can not be doubted that our stupendous achievements as a people and our country's robust strength have given rise to a heedlessness of those laws governing our national health which we can no more evade than human life can escape the laws of God and nature.

Manifestly nothing is more vital to our supremacy as a nation and to the beneficent purposes of our government than a sound and stable currency. Its exposure to degradation should at once arouse to activity the most enlightened statesmanship, and the danger of depreciation in the purchasing power of the wages paid to toil should furnish the strongest incentive to prompt and conservative precaution.

In dealing with our present embarrassing situation, as related to this subject, we will be wise if we temper our confidence and faith in our national strength and resources with the frank concession that even these will not permit us to defy impunity the inexorable laws of finance and trade. At the same time, in our efforts to adjust differences of opinion we should be free from intolerance or passion and our judgments should be unmoved by alluring phrases and unweaved by selfish interests.

I am confident that such an approach to the subject will result in prudent and effective remedial legislation. In the meantime, so far as the executive branch of the government can intervene, none of the powers with which it is invested will be withheld, when their exercise is deemed necessary to maintain our national credit or avert financial disaster.

Closely related to the exaggerated confidence in our country's greatness, which tends to a disregard of the rules of national safety, another danger confronts us not less serious. I refer to the prevalence of a popular disposition to expect from the operation of the government special and direct individual advantages.

The verdict of our voters, which condemned the injustice of maintaining protection for protection's sake, enjoins upon the people's servants the duty of exposing and destroying the brood of kindred evils which are the unwholesome progeny of paternalism. This is the bane of Republican institutions and the constant peril of our government by the people.

It degrades to the purposes of wily craft the plan of rule our fathers established and bequeathed to us as an object of our love and veneration. It perverts the patriotic sentiment of our countrymen and tempts them to a pitiful calculation of the sordid gain to be derived from their government's maintenance. It undermines the self-reliance of our people and substitutes in its place dependence upon governmental favoritism. It stifles the spirit of true Americanism and stupefies ever ennobling traits of American citizenship. The lessons of paternalism ought to be unlearned and the better lessons taught that while the people should periodically and cheerfully support their government its functions do not include the support of the people.

The acceptance of this principle leads to a refusal of bounties and subsidies, which burden the labor and thrift of a portion of our citizens to aid ill-advised or languishing enterprises in which they have no concern. It leads also to a challenge of wild and reckless pension expenditure, which overleaps the bounds of grateful recognition of patriotic service and prostitutes to vicious uses the people's prompt and generous impulse to aid those disabled in their country's defense.

Every thoughtful American must realize the importance of the checking at its beginning any tendency in public or private station to regard frugality and economy as virtues which we may safely outgrow. The toleration of this idea results in the waste of the people's money by their chosen servants and encourages prodigality and extravagance in the home life of our countrymen.

Under our scheme of government the waste of public money is a crime against the citizens, and the contempt of our peo-

ple for economy and frugality in their personal affairs, deplorably saps the strength and sturdiness of our national character.

It is a plain dictate of honesty and good government that public expenditures should be limited by public necessity and that this should be measured by the rules of strict economy; and it is equally clear that frugality among the people is the best guaranty of a contented and strong support of free institutions.

One mode of the misappropriation of the public funds is avoided when appointments to office, instead of being the rewards of partisan activity, are awarded to those whose efficiency promises a fair return of work for the compensation paid to them. To secure the fitness and competency of appointees to office, and to remove from political action the demoralizing madness for spoils, civil service reform has found a place in our public policy and laws.

The benefits already gained through this instrumentality and the further usefulness it promises, entitle it to the hearty support and encouragement of all who desire to see our public service well performed, or who hope for the elevation of political sentiment and the purification of political methods.

The existence of immense aggregations of kindred enterprises and combinations of business interests, formed for the purpose of limiting production and fixing prices, is inconsistent with the fair field which ought to be open to every independent activity. Legitimate strife in business should not be superceded by an enforced concession to the demands of combinations that have the power to destroy; nor should the people to be served lose the benefit of cheapness, which usually results from wholesome competition.

These aggregations and combinations frequently constitute conspiracies against the interests of the people, and in all their phases they are unnatural and opposed to our American sense of fairness. To the extent that they can be reached and restrained by federal power, the general government should relieve our citizens from their interference and exactions.

Loyalty to the principles upon which our government rests, positively demands that the equality before the law which it guarantees to every citizen should be justly and in good faith conceded in all parts of the land. The enjoyment of this right follows the badge of citizenship wherever found and, unimpaired by race or color, it appeals for recognition to American manliness and fairness.

Our relations with the Indians located within our borders impress upon us responsibilities we can not escape. Humanity and consistency require us to treat them with forbearance, and in our dealings with them to honestly and considerately regard their interests. Every effort should be made to lead them through the path of civilization and education to self-supporting and independent citizens. In the meantime, as the nation's wards they should be promptly defended against the cupidity of designing men, and shielded from every influence or temptation that retards their advancement.

The people of the United States have decreed that on this day the control of their government in its legislative and executive branches shall be given to a political party pledged in the most terms to the accomplishment of tariff reform. They have thus determined in favor of a more just and equitable system of federal taxation. The agents they have chosen to carry out their purposes are bound by their promises not less than by the command of their masters, to devote themselves unflinchingly to this service.

While there should be no surrender of principle, our task must be undertaken wisely and without vindictiveness. Our mission is not punishment by the rectifications of wrongs. If in lifting burdens from the daily life of our people we reduce inordinate and unequal advantages too long enjoyed this is but a necessary incident of our return to right and justice. If we exact from unwilling minds acquiescence in the theory of an honest distribution of the fund of governmental beneficence treasured by us for all, we but insist upon a principle which underlies over free institution. When we tear aside the discussions and misconceptions which have blinded our countrymen to their condition under vicious tariff laws, we but show them how far they have been led away from the paths of contentment and prosperity. When we proclaim that the necessity for revenue to support the government furnishes the only justification for taxing the people, we announce a truth so plain that its denial would seem to indicate the extent to which judgment may be influenced by familiarity with perversions of the taxing power; and when we seek to reinstate the self-confidence and business enterprise of our citizens, by discrediting an abject dependence upon governmental favor, we strive to stimulate those elements of American character which support the hope of American achievement.

Anxiety for the redemption of the pledges which my party have made, and solicitude for the complete justification of the trust the people have reposed in us, constrains me to remind those with whom I am to co-operate that we can succeed in doing the work which has been especially set before us only by the most sincere, harmonious and uninterested effort. Even if insuperable obstacles and opposition prevent the consummation of our task, we shall hardly be excused; and if failure can be traced to our fault or neglect, we may be sure the people will hold us to a swift and exacting accountability.

The oath I now take to preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States not only impressively defines the great responsibility I assume, but suggests obedience to constitutional commands as the rule by which my official conduct must be guided.

I shall, to the best of my ability and within my sphere of duty, preserve the constitution by loyally protecting every grant of federal power it contains, by defending all its restraints when attacked by impatience and restlessness, and by enforcing its limitations and reservations in favor of the states and the people.

Fully impressed with the gravity of the duties that confront me, and mindful of my weakness, I should be appalled if it were my lot to bear unaided the responsibility which awaits me.

I am, however, saved from discouragement when I remember that I shall have the support and the counsel and co-operation of wise and patriotic men who will stand at my side in cabinet places, or will represent the people in their legislative halls.

I find also much comfort in remembering that my countrymen are just and generous and in the assurance that they will not condemn those who, by sincere devotion to their service, deserve their forbearance and approval.

Above all, I know there is a supreme being who rules the affairs of men and whose goodness and mercy have always followed the American people, and I know he will not turn from us now if we humbly seek his powerful aid.

MAY ALWAYS REMAIN MYSTERIES.

The Fate of Many Vessels, Some of Which Are Many Days Overdue.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Grim old ocean is still holding the secret of the nonappearance of a small fleet, overdue from four days to a fortnight, and the most experienced and shrewdest men in the steamship business are wondering when news from the fleet will be received and what its nature will be when it comes.

Nothing has yet been heard of the Naronic which is now 15 days overdue. It is wondered if she has anything to do with the delay in the arrival of the National liner Italy and the liner St. Enoch, which are both overdue, and pass over the same ocean path as the Naronic.

The whereabouts of the Alsatia, which left Gibraltar Feb. 13; the Apollo, from Antwerp Feb. 17, and the Pomerania, which is overdue three days, are also a mystery. Of all this fleet, the Naronic is the only new steamship fitted with "twin" screws and considered by her builders to be non-sinkable.

In consequence the chief interest is centered in her, and every possible theory that the minds of men who spend their lives in the shipping business can evolve has been advanced and considered.

None of the overdue fleet is as fast or seaworthy as the Naronic. The St. Enoch is a staunch vessel of 2,746 tons, commanded by Captain Ogilvie. She steams 10 knots an hour, and her delay of four days is causing more comment than the Italy, which is overdue here six days.

The Italy is one of the old-timers—a veritable slow coach. She was built in Glasgow in 1870, and has had almost as many sensational experiences in her long career as are attributed to the Flying Dutchman. She is commanded by Captain Foot, and is of 4100 tons, gross register.

The Alsatia and Apollo are both immigrant ships, and slow. While either may have fallen in with and now be in the company of the Naronic, they may be delayed through stress of weather.

The most generally considered theory regarding the Naronic's disappearance is that she has been burned. The nature of her cargo, which consisted of tallow and merchandise generally of an inflammable nature, has led to this belief.

SENATE SESSION.

President Cleveland's Cabinet Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The senate was in session yesterday for only 35 minutes, but within that brief period it received a message from the president submitting for confirmation the names of the members of his cabinet, went into executive session, passed upon and confirmed each of the appointments, directed a notification of its action to be communicated to the president, came again into open session, had a resolution offered by Mr. Call (Dem., Fla.) in reference to railroad lands in his state and the interference of railroad companies with senatorial elections, and had a joint resolution introduced by Mr. Sherman (Rep., O.) proposing an amendment to the constitution.

The amendment proposed is to fix the time for the beginning and termination of the term of office of president and vice president, and congress at noon on the 30th of April. The change is to go into effect in 1897, and to continue thereafter. Mr. Sherman's joint resolution was laid on the table at his request, he signifying his intention to have it referred hereafter to the committee on privileges and elections.

Senate's Secret Session.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—It was shortly after noon when Mr. Harris (Dem., Tenn.) moved to go into executive session. The session was brief and would have been still more so had it not been for the movements of senators who were congratulating each other and discussing the probabilities of the work that would come before them. The nominations of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet were read one at a time and confirmed as read without the formality of referring them to the proper committee, thus following out precedents that have been established in this particular. There was no word of disapprobation and the confirmations were made as rapidly as the names were read.

World's Fair Exhibits From Ireland.

LONDON, March 6.—Irish embroidery and laces to be sent to the Chicago world's fair were exhibited on Saturday at the house of the earl of Aberdeen. The work on the vestments for Roman catholic prelates in the United States is especially fine. Many of the most conspicuous persons in London society attended, and letters expressing keen interest in the development of Irish industries were received from Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Morley, Mr. Balfour and other parliamentary leaders.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
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TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1893.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

For Kentucky, generally fair, possibly light local showers in extreme western portions; warmer in eastern portions; southerly winds.

HOPKINSVILLE, with the same sort of streets as Maysville's, boasts that it has the best in the State. Bowling Green finds no fault with the limestone. But still we are convinced that brick streets would be a great improvement.

"When we proclaim that the necessity for revenue to support the government furnishes the only justification for taxing the people we announce a truth so plain that its denial would seem to indicate the extent to which the judgment may be influenced by familiarity with perversions of the taxing power."—Grover Cleveland's inaugural.

MR. J. STERLING MONTON, President Cleveland's Secretary of Agriculture, is the originator of "Arbor Day." In this one thing he may be recognized as exerting a national influence for good, truthfully observes an exchange, as it is probable that the sentiment of Arbor Day has spread as far and taken as fresh hold upon the people as most new ideas generally.

MICHIGAN ought to give a good account of herself at the approaching spring election. A Justice of the Supreme Court and two Regents of the University are to be chosen, and while there is no particular political significance attached to the fight, yet the result will be awaited with the usual interest. The Democratic nomination is conceded to be men of high character and special qualifications.

THE colored teachers of Atlanta, Ga., have passed resolutions declaring their gratification because of the appointment of Mr. Hoke Smith as a member of President Cleveland's Cabinet. This action is significant, remarks the Georgetown News-Democrat. The favor of these colored men, who know Mr. Smith, may be set over against the disfavor of white men who don't know him.

SENATOR SHEPHERD has introduced a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment whereby the date of the inauguration of the President of the United States be changed from March 4 to April. The severe weather of last Saturday is the reason for the proposed change. If we are to continue to have these outdoor demonstrations at every inauguration, then such an amendment should be adopted. The change would unquestionably be almost unanimously ratified.

"I SHALL vote for this amendment and all others increasing expenditures. The Democrats have got this country now, and I want to make their victory as costly to the people as possible. They will find some difficulty in running the country with an empty Treasury and large appropriations."

This was uttered by a prominent Republican Congressman one day last week. Luckily for the Democrats the people know who emptied the Treasury, and they know who are responsible for the present financial condition of the country.

JUDGE LINDSAY is demonstrating the fact that he is amply able not only to take care of himself, but to sustain Kentucky's high standing, in the U. S. Senate. Mr. McPherson, of New Jersey, will not be so anxious to tackle him in debate hereafter. Speaking of Mr. Lindsay's maiden speech, a United Press dispatch says: "He literally mopped the floor with his brother Democrat from New Jersey and held him up to the ridicule and disgust of all who heard the new Senator. Each time McPherson asked a question in trying to explain his ignorance of the whole matter Mr. Lindsay's ready and prompt replies served to put his questioner still deeper into the mire. By this first speech Senator Lindsay fully sustained the reputation that preceded him as an able, eloquent and convincing public speaker and a most thoroughly informed man on all questions of public interest."

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, make it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of package.

D. M. RUNYON, insurance office, Court street, over Mitchell, Finch & Co.'s Bank.

CYCLONE DISASTER.

A Great Hurricane Passes Over Madagascar.

ENORMOUS DESTRUCTION DONE.

Nine Vessels Sunk and Nearly All the Crews Drowned—The Town of Tamatave Almost Entirely Destroyed and Many of the Inhabitants Killed—Other Foreign News.

PARIS, March 7.—News of a hurricane at Tamatave, on the east coast of Madagascar, on Feb. 22, has just been received here. The wind came from the sea, and first struck the island near the mouth of the bay. The Alismo, a French ship, was stripped almost instantly of masts and rigging, and a few minutes later went to the bottom with all on board. Five coasting vessels anchored within the harbor foundered almost simultaneously, and but 10 men of their crews were saved. Four other coasters sank before the storm passed.

In Tamatave the streets were swept clear of people and vehicles in a minute. Twenty-two of the best buildings in the place and a large number of huts were wrecked. The roof of the customhouse was carried away and the walls were crushed in. The British consulate was demolished and four sugar factories were leveled to the ground. Many lives were lost. Further details are lacking.

Troops Fire Into a Mob.

PALERMO, March 7.—Troops were sent to Serra Di Falco yesterday to preserve order during an election in progress there. The people of the town regarded the arrival of the troops as a threat, and attacked the soldiers in the streets with stones and knives. After three soldiers had been struck down the commander gave the order to fire. The troops fired first over the heads of the rioters, but without frightening them. Two volleys were fired into the mob. Two men were instantly killed and many were wounded. The uninjured rioters fled without making any demonstration against the military.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Its Re-organization to Take Place Saturday, March 25th—Important Notice on the Subject.

The following fully explains itself:

CARLEISLE, Ky., March 1, 1893.
To the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee: Under direction of a resolution of the State Central Democratic Committee, you are requested to have the Democratic voters of each voting district in your county choose a member of the Democratic Committee for your county to serve two years from the date of their election or until their successors are chosen by order of the State Committee. The resolution authorizes the member of the State Committee from each Congressional District to appoint the Committeemen from each county, but I will not take such responsibility, but shall leave it to the Democratic voters of each voting district to select their own representatives. To this end you will have two weeks notice given to the Democrats to assemble at their places of voting—(the places used at last November election) on Saturday, March 25, 1893, at 2 o'clock p. m., and there and then select a Committeeman. The Committeemen selected on the date above named will meet at the court house at their county seat on Saturday, April 1, 1893, at 2 o'clock, and then and there proceed to the election of a Chairman and Secretary. The chairman must be chosen from the committee, but the Secretary may be chosen outside of the committee.

Please have the Chairman or Secretary elected notify me at once of the names and postoffice addresses, together with the number of names of the voting precincts or districts they represent. You will preside at the meeting of the new committee at its organization, and the present members of the committee will preside at the temporary organization of the precinct meetings held on the 25th instant, to select new Committeemen. In the case of new voting precincts the assembled Democrats will have to choose their own temporary Chairman.

I trust everything will be done for the best interest and organization of the party. Yours, &c., G. R. KELLER, Member State Central Committee Ninth Congressional District.

For the Farmer.

W. P. Dulin living on the Bullock farm, on Mill Creek, raised last year on twelve acres 19,700 pounds of tobacco, which he sold at \$10 per hundred.

Captain B. Viley paid \$120 an acre for one hundred and forty acres near Versailles.

In Todd County the assessor reports the following statistics: Valuation of white personal property is \$979,825; acres of land, 203,819, valued at \$1,931,560; pounds of tobacco, 4,054,325; bushels of wheat, 129,295; tons of hay, 1,220; bushels of corn, 318,870; number of acres in tobacco, 5,271.

Revenue Receipts for February.

Collector McDowell reports the following:

Lists.....	410 65
Beer.....	101 75
Spirits.....	291,388 50
Cigars.....	992 55
Tobacco.....	1,718 87
Special taxes.....	367 84

Total.....\$297,969 16
Gain over February, 1892.....\$ 55,720 74
Gain over first eight months last year..... 475,022 40

The indications are that the collections in this district will run to \$4,000,000 by the end of the fiscal year.

Union Y. M. C. A. Meeting.

At the pastors' conference yesterday afternoon the union meeting proposed by the Y. M. C. A. was discussed, and the conclusion reached that it would be favored by them, and that their congregations would unite in the service, except those who are engaged in special meetings.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI TOBACCO MARKET.

The week's sales closed with an active demand for all grades of old, and the market was strong. New was in good demand all around, and the market was stronger and rather higher.

Offerings for the week..... 1,345
Offerings same week last year..... 3,258
Receipts for the week..... 1,335
Receipts same week last year..... 2,484
Offerings of new were..... 1,345
Of the 1,345 hds new \$1 sold from \$2 to \$2.35, 115 from \$1 to \$1.35, 240 from \$1 to \$1.35, 228 from \$1 to \$1.35, 192 from \$1 to \$1.35, 233 from \$1 to \$1.35, 80 from \$1 to \$1.35, 1 and 1 at \$20.25.
Of the 713 hds old \$1 sold from \$1 to \$1.35, 22 from \$1 to \$1.35, 25 from \$1 to \$1.35, 40 from \$1 to \$1.35, 217 from \$1 to \$1.35, 271 from \$1 to \$1.35, 121 from \$1 to \$1.35, 3 from \$1 to \$1.35, 2 and 1 at \$23.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

Furnished by Glover & Durrett, Louisville Tobacco Warehouse.
Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 4,373 hds, with receipts for the same period of 3,653 hds. Sales on our market since January 1st, amount to 33,718 hds. Sales of the crop of 1892 on our market to date amount to 46,782 hds.

We have had very large sales again this week, and the market in the main has shown more strength and activity for new burley tobacco, the common and medium grades of red fillers having been somewhat higher. The fine grades of leaf and the same while the very common grades of burley have been a little weaker.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for new burley tobacco (1892 crop):
Trash (dark) or damaged tobacco..... \$ 5.00 5 00
Common colory trash..... 7 00 8 00
Medium to good colory trash..... 4 00 6 00
Common lugs, not colory..... 7 50 9 00
Common colory lugs..... 7 50 9 00
Medium to good colory lugs..... 7 50 9 00
Common to medium leaf..... 11 00 14 00
Medium to good leaf..... 14 00 16 00
Good to fine leaf..... 15 00 18 00
Select or wrapery tobacco..... 15 00 24 00

GROCERIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

GREEN COFFEE.....	23 65
MOLASSES—new crop.....	35 40
Golden Syrup.....	35 40
Sorghum, fancy new.....	35 40
SUGAR—Yellow.....	45 00
A.....	5 00
Granulated.....	5 00
Powdered.....	5 00
New Orleans.....	50 00
TEAS.....	15 00
COAL OIL—Headlight.....	14 00
BACON—Breakfast.....	15 00
Clearsides.....	14 00
Hams.....	17 00
Shoulders.....	10 00
BEANS.....	35 00
BUTTER.....	25 00
CHICKENS—Each.....	30 00
EGGS.....	13 00
FLOUR.....	5 00
Old Gold.....	5 00
Maysville Fancy.....	4 25
Mason County.....	4 25
Morning Glory.....	4 50
Roller King.....	5 00
Magnolia.....	5 00
Blue Grass.....	4 50
Graham.....	15 00
HONEY.....	10 00
HOMINY.....	20 00
MEAL.....	20 00
LARD.....	15 00
ONIONS.....	50 00
POTATOES.....	25 00
APPLES.....	50 00

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A flat of five rooms, hall and bath room on third floor, for residence, opposite State National Bank. Apply to McCLANAHAN & SHEA. 3-11

FOR RENT—A house and ten acres of land, in Washington, this county. About 4 acres sowed in wheat; 5 or 6 acres good tobacco land. Apply to JOHN LANE, Washington, Ky. 12804

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Privately, Household and Kitchen Furniture, including Carpets and a Superior Range, etc. Call and see at 127 West Second street—the old Stockton residence. 28-11

FOR SALE—Real estate on Front street, House and lot, four rooms and kitchen, good cellar, chert and outbuildings; forty-two feet front. Cheap, \$300. Apply to B. TOLLE, Aberdeen, O. 128-11

FOR SALE—A Reclining Couch. Good as new. Apply to JOHN FAREY, adjoining Rinalds' mineral water factory. 128-11

FOUND.

FOUND—A large brass door Key. Call at this office. 6-31

WASHINGTON OPERA HOUSE!

E. L. KINNEMAN,
MANAGER.

Saturday, March 11,

Engagement of the Champion for twelve years,

JOHN L. SULLIVAN

and Company of Players in a Sensational and Romantic Drama in four acts, by Edmund E. Price, entitled

The Man From Boston.

MR. SULLIVAN IN HIS OWN CHARACTERIZATION OF CAPT. HARBOUT.

Parquette and Dress Circle, \$1.00; Balcony, 50c; Gallery, 25c. Advance sale opens at Nelson's on Thursday morning, at 9 a. m., ety time.

Next attraction, "The Rileys," for a solid week.

25 DROPS 25¢
THE GREAT
COUGH CURE
25¢ 50¢ 75¢
Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee. For a Lane Side, Park or Chest Blight's Potent Plaster will give great satisfaction. 45 cents.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER.

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says: "Shiloh's Vitalizer 'SAVED MY LIFE.' I considered it the best remedy for a disordered system I ever used." For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble it excels. Price 75 cts.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY.

Have you Catarrh? Try this Remedy. It will relieve and Cure you. Price 50 cts. This is the best remedy for Catarrh of the bladder, urethra, etc. It is sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee to give satisfaction. For Sale by J. JAMES WOOD.

New Spring Goods!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF

NICE DRESS GOODS FOR SPRING,

And call attention to a line of Serges and Diagonals, thirty-six inches wide, in all the new shades, at 25 cents; thirty-eight-inch All Wool Serges, in colors and black, at 50 cents. A new and beautiful line of Suit Patterns, in All Wool and Silk and Wool at \$6.50, \$7.50, \$10.00 and \$12.50 per pattern.

An Elegant Line of Hamburg Edgings

at 5, 10, 15, 20 and 25c. A full stock of Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings and Shirtings at old prices. Call and see us if you want good value for your money.

Browning & Co.,

51 WEST SECOND ST.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

YOU WILL SAVE FIFTY CENTS ON EACH DOLLAR BY BUYING YOUR

Clothing, Gent's Furnishing Goods, HATS and CAPS

—AT THE—

THE MISFIT CLOTHING PARLOR, { 128 } I. GREENSTEIN. MARKET.

J. T. Kackley & Co. Out of Sight

Are our 39c. Shirts, because they are all gone. We find our customers appreciate bargains, and for the next ten days we will sell

10c. Embroidery For 8 1/2c.
25c. Embroidery For 15c.

We have ten dozen Half Hose worth 25c. which we will sell for 15c.

We have left still a few bolts of 10c. Bleached Cotton for 8 1-3c. Call early on

HOEFLICH BROS.,

211 and 213 Market.

R. B. LOVEL,

FANCY AND STAPLE

GROCEER

AND PRODUCE MERCHANT.

Northwest Cor. Third and Market.

Just received, direct from New Orleans, a big invoice of Molasses, Syrup, Sugar and Rice. Fancy goods and low prices. My stock of

Canned Goods and Fancy Groceries

is the largest in the city, bought before the heavy advances in prices, which enables me to supply my trade at low figures. Cash paid for Poultry, Eggs and Country Produce of all kinds. "PERFECTION" FLOUR is the best. Try it; in barrels or sacks. Goods delivered to any part of city.

FARM FOR SALE!

I will offer for sale, at public auction, on

Saturday, March 11,

at 10 a. m., unless sold privately before that date, the farm known as the Coryell place, containing about 330 acres, half mile east of Orangeburg. Sale to take place on the premises. Good house, good barn, and it is well watered. Twenty acres of white oak timber. Considered the best sheep farm in the county.

TERMS.—One-fourth cash, balance in one, two and three years, with interest at 6 per cent. Lien reserved to secure unpaid purchase money. THOMAS A. KEITH, Maysville, Ky.

HAVING PURCHASED THE

St. James Hotel,

At No. 212 and 214 Market street, I have refitted it, and am in good condition to entertain the traveling public.

Try The St. James.

WM. ROSSER, Prop.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Mrs. H. R. Bierbower is at Millersburg with her father, Mr. Sam Martin, who is still quite ill.

Mr. F. A. Browning, of Germantown, was in Maysville yesterday en route home from the inauguration.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. L. Gilpin, of Fairville, Saline County, Mo., are guests of Mrs. Calhoun, of West Second street.

The Courier-Journal's correspondent mentions Captain A. C. Respass, of this city, among the late arrivals at Washington.

Mr. George E. Wood, of the East End, moves to-morrow to the Lewisburg vicinity.

OVER \$5,000 has been subscribed to start a canning establishment at Feesburg, O.

REGULAR meeting of Hutchins Camp No. 2, S. of V., to-night. A full attendance is desired.

MISS MOLLY MERRIMAN, the evangelist, is engaged in a big revival at Seaman, Adams County, Ohio.

THE resolution making Jefferson's birthday a legal holiday was refused a third reading by the House at Frankfort.

W. F. HOOINS and Miss Nannie S. Roe, of this county, were married yesterday at the County Clerk's office by Judge Phister.

REV. O. J. NUERNER will preach at Mitchell's Chapel, Sixth ward, at 7:15 o'clock this evening. The public cordially invited.

GOVERNOR BROWN has signed the act creating and regulating the office of County Treasurer. Thus will there be one more "plum" to fight for hereafter.

MR. EMERY McDOWELL tendered his resignation as Deputy Jailor this morning, and Mr. Thomas Connell was appointed to the position and took the required oath.

THE latest designs in watch cases, the best movements that are made, quality unequalled. Such are the goods to be had at Murphy's, the jeweler, successor to Hopper & Murphy.

REVENUE AGENT THATCHER, who has had charge of the Kentucky division for several years, has been transferred to the St. Louis district, and he has been succeeded by J. T. Hazzard.

ALL business men advertise. It is simply a question of methods and medium. The merchants of Maysville know that THE BULLETIN is a good medium through which to reach the people.

THE Noss Family were greeted by a fair audience last night and gave a pleasant entertainment. The musical selections on the saxophone and the mandolin and other specialties in that line were especially enjoyable.

AS A RESULT of the muddle over the light question at Newport the gas company claims that the city now owes it \$20,000 for gas, and the electric light company claims \$15,000 for electric light. Each company claims the right to illuminate the city.

SAYS the Cincinnati Enquirer: "Dr. Tabb Pearce recently entertained Samuel Owens, of Maysville. Mr. Owens resembles Den Thompson. They went to see 'The Old Homestead,' and after the performance, as they were coming out of the theater, a man tackled him for a pass."

EX-CHANCELLOR MENZIES, of the Kenton district, was awarded judgment against Covington yesterday for \$1,000. The suit was brought for salary due Menzies as Chancellor by the city. Aldermen refused to pay the amount, as they considered it in the light of an alleged debt the city did not owe.

HON. JOHN W. YERKES, the Kentucky World's Fair Commissioner who has charge of the live stock exhibit to be made by the State at Chicago, has issued a call to breeders and all interested parties to meet at Lexington next Monday, March 13. The meeting is for the purpose of full discussion of all points relating to the exhibit, and should be largely attended.

JOHN ELLIS, an old and well known farmer of Adams County, Ohio, died last week, aged seventy-eight years. He was a member of a family of ten children, the only surviving one now being Hon. Jesse Ellis, of Aberdeen. Wm. Ellis, a brother of the deceased, preceded his brother in death but two weeks. The family throughout were noted for their integrity and uprightness and particularly was this true of John Ellis, says the West Union Defender. He was a man universally esteemed by his neighbors and acquaintances.

BABBITT's best potash, at Calhoun's.

GEO. W. SULSER, law, fire insurance. A. M. CAMPBELL, real-estate, loans and collections.

FIRE insurance, Duley & Baldwin, 205, west side, Court street.

LEXINGTON added five convicts to the list in the "pen" last week.

THE County Board of Equalization is in session at the County Clerk's office.

MR. JOHN R. MORFORD made an assignment this morning to Mr. Isaac M. Lane.

THE ordinance regulating the rates of wharfage is published elsewhere in this issue.

TWO MEMBERS of Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet began their active life as school teachers.

BORN, Sunday night, to the wife of Mr. George W. Rudy, of Forest avenue, a daughter.

A RESOLUTION to adjourn the Legislature *sine die* on May 1 has been reported favorably.

TAKE stock in the March issue of the People's Building Association—only 80 cents per share.

DR. STOCKDALE, the specialist, will be at the Central Hotel two days next week, Monday and Tuesday.

RUSSELLVILLE has reduced its bonded debt to \$20,000 and has a comfortable cash balance on hand.

CHARLES TOLLSTON was fined \$200 and costs at Newport yesterday for suffering gaming at his cigar store.

THE Limestone Land Company has sold two lots on Second street, Sixth ward, to R. A. Toup, for \$800.

COLUMBUS, O., has offered ten acres of land and \$20,000 if the new K. of P. Home of Ohio is located at that point.

MR. AND MRS. A. M. J. COCHRAN were called to Lebanon, Ky., this morning by the illness of their little daughter.

CIRCUIT COURT convened yesterday at Winchester with 343 equity, 194 ordinary and 52 criminal cases on the docket.

THE advance sale of seats for the John L. Sullivan engagement will open at Nelson's on Thursday morning at 9 a. m., city time.

MR. R. B. LOVEL has the thanks of the BULLETIN for a copy of the Washington Post containing a full account of the inauguration.

MESSESS. SIMON N. CROWELL and James Purnell have purchased Mr. Clarence L. Stanton's property in the Fifth ward, the price being \$2,675.

JOHN H. THOMAS, postmaster at Wamsley's, Adams County, forwarded his resignation last Saturday to the department at Washington City.

CHIEF OF POLICE FITZGERALD returned last evening from Washington City. He had a big time with the Tammany braves during the inauguration.

THERE is a variety of makes of spectacles sold but none are superior to the Diamond, sold by Ballenger, the jeweler. A perfect fit guaranteed.

MR. BASIL BERRY, one of the jurors in Bramel will trial, reported sick yesterday, and further consideration of the case was postponed until Thursday.

A MAN has sued the town of Madisonville for \$10,000 damages because a shed fell on him last fall while he was attending a Democratic ratification.

THE revival meeting at the M. E. Church is still in progress. Fourteen additions to date. Services at 2:30, 4:30 and 7:15 p. m. daily. All invited.

MAYOR J. HILL DAVIDSON, of Lexington, refused to issue license to a number of saloon keepers, and they have appealed to the courts to compel him to do so.

JOSEPH GIESLIN, living near Decatur, Brown County, had a valuable Clydesdale stallion burned to death one night last week. His loss is placed at \$3,000.

KARL'S CLOVER ROOT, the new blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25c., 50c. and \$1. Sold by J. James Wood.

M. J. WEST, of Concord, N. H., wants to know the whereabouts of Willard Bowman, who is supposed to have lived in Maysville within the past ten years.

FIFTY-THREE indictments were reported last week against Lexington parties for selling cigarettes to boys. Over one hundred indictments were reported for unlawful sale of liquor.

THE funeral of Mrs. A. Weiand will occur to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock at the German Lutheran Church. The services will be conducted by Rev. John S. Hays, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Interment in the Maysville cemetery.

COUNTY COLLINGS.

Items Picked Up by the Bulletin's Correspondents in Mason and Elsewhere

MAYSLEICK.

Winter still lingers in the lap of spring. A three-inch snow fell last Friday night. Saturday was a regular ground hog winter day. Miss Mollie McKrell, of Ripley, is visiting the family of Benj. Longnecker for a few days.

Mrs. Nancy McKrell, of Cincinnati, but a native of this county, is now in Los Angeles, California. R. A. Carr, of Maysville, was here Saturday giving out round-trip tickets to the Magnolia Mills.

Miss Susie Fox and Miss Mary Mitchell have returned from their visit to friends in Arkansas, St. Louis and other points.

S. A. Piper's sale came off last Saturday. It was well attended and high prices obtained. A big dinner was served for all present.

Elder F. M. Tindler has had a call to hold a meeting at Hazel Green, this State, the latter part of this month. He is going as a missionary.

Don't forget that J. A. Jackson has a nice line of goods now opened and for sale cheap. Give him a call if you want a bargain. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

Last Saturday night we all slept under a Democratic administration and our slumber was sweet; not a wave of trouble rolled across our peaceful breasts. May our rulers be guided by the Giver of all good.

H. Devin, who was carver at the Piper sale, gives the following bill of fare for dinner: Five shoulders, two hams, five turkeys, one pea fowl, one and one-half quarters of beef and one hundred loaves of bread for the dinner in the yard and a bountiful dinner in the house for invited guests. Report about three hundred present, and but for the bad weather many more would have been there.

GERMANTOWN.

Henry Sheeler and family will move to Bourbon County this week.

Applicants are out with their petitions for the postoffice at this place.

Miss Staton, of Helena, is visiting Miss Florence Armstrong at Hillsdale.

Our butcher shop in charge of Robert Pinecard, is well supplied with choice beef.

Mrs. Graves Asbury, of Covington, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Hunter, on Broadway.

Carroll Staton, of Brooksville, Isaac Woodward, of Maysville, and W. C. Woodward, of Lowell, were in town Sunday, and judging by what we saw at church each one had his special attraction.

The choir of Sharon Church, assisted by other musical talent, will give one of their choice concerts at the M. E. Church, South, on next Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock, for the benefit of their church. We can safely promise all lovers of good music a delightful evening's entertainment. As their reputation from the rendering of excellent vocal and instrumental music is well known throughout the two counties, and the object is a deserving one, we hope they will be greeted by a large audience.

Railway News.

The Big Four has dispensed with the services of seventy ticket collectors, who were paid \$3 a month.

The ticket sale at the C. and O. office in Portsmouth for February was \$150 in excess of the same month last year.

The C. and O., since July 1, has shown increased earnings to date of \$469,408 over the corresponding period last year. Much of this increase has been in the passenger department.

Freight Traffic Manager Walker, of the C. and O., in speaking of the growth of business said the export business had been fully as remarkable in its increase as its other traffic, and within a few months it will be double what it now is. Six new steamships are now building, some of which will be in service by August 1, and later six more will be built, as it is the intention to have a steamship sail once a week from Newport News for London, and for Liverpool and Glasgow two or three times a month, which will be double the ocean service now given. There are now 220 car-loads of flour at Newport News for shipment, and in the elevator 500,000 bushels of grain. The export business in cattle via Newport News last year reached 15,000 head.

Real Estate Transfers.

A. M. Brooking to M. L. Sanke, 1 acre, 1 rood and 27 poles of land; consideration, \$300.

N. S. Suit and others to J. T. Long, 133 acres, 2 roods and 35 poles of land near Sardis; consideration, \$10,360.31.

J. F. Barbour and wife to John J. Cobb, part of No. 7 in Barbour, Rogers, Wall and Smoot's addition to Chester; consideration, \$105.

J. F. Barbour and wife to John W. Dryden, part of lot No. 7 in above named addition to Chester; consideration, \$45.

R. P. Tolle and wife to Edwin Roe, two houses and lots in Orangeburg; consideration, \$1,000.

A Slick One.

Southworth & Co.'s store at Huntington was burglarized Friday night. A man giving the name of J. B. Hindson, who had been hanging about the place, was suspected. The police went to his room and asked to examine his baggage.

No one was ever more polite in acceding to the request. Hudson took Chief Turner and his officers to his room, opened the door and told them to hunt, and while they were doing so James slipped away.

His baggage was full of stolen stuff, and among the things were the goods stolen from Southworth & Co., and a great quantity of goods probably stolen at other places.

TORNADO policies—W. R. Warder, agt.

THE BEE-HIVE!



For Tip-Top Bargains Come This Week to the Bee Hive.

Three cases of Oxford Matras in beautiful designs, very desirable for Waists, Shirts, Wrappers, Dresses, etc., at 10 cents a yard, worth 15c.

You can buy this week good Apron Gingham at 5c. per yard; always sold at 8c. We have fifty pieces of it.

Double width Serges, pretty, new patterns, at 9 cents per yard, worth 15c. Eight yards of this stuff makes a full dress.

Just received, a big line of Dress Waists, in Silk, Broadcloths, Scotch Plaids, Serges, &c. They fit beautifully and are surprisingly cheap. Also a new line of Blazer Suits, Ebon Jackets, Skirts, Capes, etc. Some big bargains in Embroidery and White Goods remnants.

ROSENAU BROTHERS,
PROPRIETORS BEE HIVE.

HERMANN LANGE,

YOUR JEWELER,

181 Vine Street, Corner Arcade,

CINCINNATI,

Invites You

To call and inspect the new goods he is receiving for the spring trade in Solid Gold, Rolled Gold Plate and in Sterling Silver. Beautiful Hat Pins and Hair Pins, Brooches, Diamond Earrings, Necklaces and Locketts.

RINGS

in the greatest variety, from the 50c. Baby Ring to the finest Diamond gems worth hundreds of dollars, and a full line of Plain Gold Wedding Rings in 18 karat and 14 karat gold.

WATCHES

You will find the best selection of all different makes of American Watches, in beautiful Gold cases, also the lowest price Filled Gold Watches, from \$10 up.

SILVERWARE

We have a splendid stock of quadruple Silver Plated Ware for Table use and for the Toilet; also Solid Silver pieces in Plush and Chamois Cases, and latest Silver Novelties.

H. LANGE,

Cor. Vine St. and Arcade,

CINCINNATI.

McClanahan & Shea

DEALERS IN

STOVES

MANTELS, GRATES, TINWARE, TIN-ROOFING, GUTTERING AND SPOUTING.

JOB WORK of All Kinds

Executed in the Best Manner.

BIERBOWER & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

STOVES, GRATES, MANTELS, TINWARE.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE CELEBRATED JOHN VAN RANGES.

ATTENTION, FARMERS & GARDENERS!

IF YOU WANT SEEDS,

CALL AT

THOS. J. CHENOWETH'S DRUG AND SEED STORE,

Corner Second and Sutton.

A Fresh Supply of Landreth's Seeds Have Just Been Received.

HOME, SWEET HOME.

Ex-President Harrison Arrives
in Indianapolis.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME.

Thousands Greet Him at the Depot and
Along the Route to His Residence—A
Reception Tendered Him at the Capitol
Building in the Evening.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 7.—Ex-President Benjamin Harrison arrived home at 11:35 Monday in a special train over the Pennsylvania line. He was given a reception as a citizen of Indianapolis that was far greater than any he ever received here as president of the United States. The crowd was larger than that which bade him goodspeed when he left for the inauguration four years ago. The members of the reception committee met him at Knights-town, being taken over Monday morning in a special which was made a part of the returning train.

When the train pulled into the union station it was greeted with cheers from 5,000 throats, and as the ex-president walked through the depot with Mrs. McKee he was tendered an ovation. From the gates of the depot to the carriage a 20-foot path 600 feet long was kept clear by the police. Each side of the path was thronged with women who had come early to the scene. As the ex-president passed along many of these touched him and waved handkerchiefs in his face and cheered.

When the carriages were reached the ex-president, Mrs. McKee and other members of the family were seated in the front carriage. About this carriage delegations from the Columbia and the Marion clubs formed an escort of honor. The Republican Commercial Travelers' and the railroad men's clubs were also represented. Various other organizations also sent congratulations.

The carriage and their occupants moved slowly through the great throng and passed up Illinois street to Washington street, and thence by way of Pennsylvania street to the Denison House. Along the line of march the buildings were all decorated with flags and portraits, and from every window flags, handkerchiefs and hats were waved, and from the crowds in the streets a continuous cheer went up.

The carriages stopped momentarily at the Denison but the ex-president did not alight. The carriage was then driven rapidly up Delaware street to his home where the members of the reception committee were dismissed and the ex-president went into domestic privacy.

Monday night at the statehouse he was given a reception of a public character.

The ex-president was disinclined to talk about his future. He has no plans for the immediate future, his son-in-law J. R. McKee stated. Mr. Harrison, he said, will first go duck hunting in the Kakakee and then return home and rest until fall. Then he will go to the Leland Stanford university for two months and deliver law lectures.

Mr. McKee also stated that Mr. Harrison had received offers from Yale and the Chicago university after the one from the Stanford had been accepted. It was not probable, he said, that Mr. Harrison would resume the practice of law for at least a year. All he wanted now was rest.

EVENING RECEPTION.

Words of Welcome From Leading Citizens
of Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 7.—A reception was tendered Mr. Harrison by the people last night at the capitol building, and so great was the crowd in attendance that the capacity of the great structure was tested. An address of welcome on behalf of the state was made by Governor Matthews. He said:

Tonight we meet to honor the most distinguished citizen of our state. We see tonight a scene most beautiful in our form of government, a scene grand in its simplicity. It was never seen in the history of the world until seen in our American republic. One who has been clothed with the highest power in the nation which has no equal among the nations of the earth tonight returns to take his station in the common walks of life. Four years ago Indiana was united in the honor done to one of her sons. Tonight she welcomes him back again.

We have witnessed another scene within a short time. All over this nation the people have bowed their grief and spread above him the canopy of sympathy. Twice has the name of Harrison honored our state. I am glad to say to General Harrison, forgetting the differences which may have separated us in the past, that we welcome him home. I am glad to believe that when his life may be written, as citizen, as senator and as chief executive of this great country, we shall see he has filled the measure of our expectations, and of duty well done. I can extend to him a most cordial welcome and all will unite with me tonight in welcoming him among us.

Again Indiana welcomes you with open arms. The governor was followed by Mayor Sullivan of Indianapolis who welcomed Mr. Harrison in behalf of the city. The mayor said:

It gives me great credit to preside over a meeting of his friends and neighbors to welcome back to his home our distinguished fellow citizen. After four years absence in discharge of the highest public duties he comes to us as a private citizen and takes his place in the ranks among his old-time neighbors. The honor of speaking formal words of welcome has been assigned to another, but it seems proper for one as the chief magistrate of this city to say that we welcome our neighbor back to his old home.

Hon. C. W. Fairbanks then delivered an address of welcome in behalf of the ex-President's old friends. He said:

GENERAL HARRISON—We have come to pay you our respects, to express our confidence, our exalted admiration. We have come to bid you welcome home again—welcome to the hearts and the firesides of your neighbors and friends. We come without distinction of party or creed. Assembled here are the representatives of

every party, of every sect, of every nationality. When you left us four years ago, to assume the grave and responsible duties of the most exalted office within the gift of your countrymen, you took with you our prayers, our confidence. Great as our admiration then was, it is greater now.

Strong as was our faith in you then, it is stronger now. We have watched your course as chief executive of this great nation. At no time have we distrusted your purposes, your courage, your intense patriotism. You have taught obedience to law—a higher respect for our American institutions. You have inspired a deeper reverence for the sacred emblem of our national authority. You have maintained untarnished our credit at home. Your administration was of high-set purpose; persevered in to the end, it has been without a stain. The most malignant tongue can lodge against it no word of reproach. Our uniform upon the high seas is more respected than ever. American citizenship has everywhere felt that it had a protector, and that the national dignity would be maintained against the weakest and most powerful. You have not sought the favor of other powers by servile obedience to their desires, but you have won their respect by an unwavering patriotic insistence upon our rights.

It is with a sense of the greatest pride that, after you have wrought so well in your country's cause, we welcome your return as neighbor, friend. Our gladness is chastened by the reflection that you come alone; that one who shared our love and in a greater degree than all others, proved your hope and strength, rests within the hallowed bosom of Crown Hill.

Permit me to extend to you the warm and cordial greeting of your friends, and the hope that a kind Providence may spare you many years to dwell with them.

General Harrison feelingly responded as follows:

GOVERNOR MATTHEWS, MR. MAYOR, MR. FAIRBANKS AND FRIENDS—I do not think even if the circumstances were more favorable than now surround us I could say more than the fewest words of thanks. Four years ago, if the calendar is consulted, I left you to assume high responsibilities. If I should consult heart and mind, I should say 10 years had elapsed since I bade goodbye to my Indianapolis friends. Not the rising and the setting of the sun, but our experiences give the true sense of duration. I come back to Indianapolis, for, since I came to manhood I have had no other home. Suggestions of an attractive sort were made to me to make a home elsewhere, but it seemed to me that the only home for me was Indianapolis. [Cheers.] I am too old to make a new home; not too old, I hope, to renew those old associations that made this so dear a home and to take within the circle of my affectionate regard the multitude of new faces I see here tonight.

This city has made a wonderful growth since I left it. I shall have to learn again the landmarks. Change, improvement, expansion and increase are everywhere apparent, and in all this I rejoice with you. The state of Indiana has made corresponding increase. Factories have greatly multiplied. Our population has greatly increased. Wealth has been developed and I trust and believe that with this advancement along material lines there has been a corresponding increase and development. Some new lines of progress have been indicated.

Within the last few weeks I had the pleasure of lifting, over one of the greatest merchant steamships that floats the sea, that flag of beauty that hangs before me. [Cheers.] I regard it the precursor and the promise of the return of that time when the American flag was seen in every sea and the American navy was held in esteem by other nations. [Cheers.] Only one week ago I had the pleasure of seeing the greatest ship that has ever been built in America—a battleship which, when completed, would be able to cope with the greatest ship that England has upon the sea—float from her ways into the Delaware with the name of Indiana on her side. [Cheers.]

I will not speak to you of those duties which these years of absence have brought me, nor the manner of their performance. I left you with but one certainty and I return with that—the certainty that I have no other motive in my heart than the honor of the flag, the sacredness of the constitution and the prosperity of all our people. [Cheers.]

I come to you again accompanied by a great sorrow; but I trust—and your presence here gives me your witness—untended by any shame growing out of the discharge of my public duties. Add to your great kindness and to this great welcome which you have extended to me today the kindness of excusing me from attempting to speak to you further. I shall be glad to carry out the arrangement of the committee and to take as many of you as I may, by the hand, and in these days and weeks that are to come to meet you in my home and in your homes, as opportunity may offer. May God bless you all. [Cheers.]

After the address the ex-president shook hands with hundreds of people, and it was a late hour that he was driven to his home.

FLORAL EXHIBITS.

What Is Promised For the Columbian Exposition.

CHICAGO, March 7.—Mr. John Thorp, chief of floriculture, has planned for exhibits of flowers from the opening until the closing day of the exposition. There will be indoor and outdoor potted flower and plant shows and indoor cut flower exhibits, change being made for each month of the fair. The cut flower exhibits will be made on Tuesday of each week during the whole exposition, commencing at noon. There will also be exhibits of designs for house decoration on these and other days, especially during September and October. On account of the condition of the temperature and situation it is understood that such cut flowers as shall embrace roses, gladioli, asters, zinnia and some other flowering plants shall be displayed from May 25 to July 11 from the south and from four to six weeks later from northern states.

Peace Reigns at Honolulu.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—The schooner W. F. Witzelman, which arrived yesterday from Honolulu, reports a tranquil state of affairs in that city.

UNSURPASSED

IS THE

POSTOFFICE

Drug Store's

Holiday Stock of Fancy Toilet
Articles of every description, com-
prising beautiful lines of Per-
fume Atomizers, Filigree Toilet
Bottles, Powder Boxes and Jewel
Boxes;

Tripple Mirrors, Toilet and Mani-
cure Cases, Hair, Cloth and Hat
Brushes, Shaving Mugs, Smokers'
Sets, Whisk Brooms, Trays and in-
numerable Knick-knacks and Nov-
elties for the dressing table.

SEE THE DISPLAY :: :: :: ::

in our show window. You can find
something elegant for a Christmas
gift.
Pure Drugs a specialty. Prescriptions
carefully and promptly com-
pounded. Call on us.

POWER & REYNOLDS.

READ THIS:

Fancy large Cauliflower,
New Potatoes,
New Sweet Potatoes,
Fancy Lettuce,
Spring Onions,
Sweet Turnips,
Fancy Parsnips, and
Fine Cabbage.

OUR COMBINATION COFFEE IS PLEASING ALL.
TRY ONE POUND AND BE CON-
VINCED.

HILL & CO.,

THE LEADERS.

Cash! Cash! Cash!

ALL FOR CASH.

1 pound best California Raisins..... 5
3 pounds best Seedless Raisins..... 25
6 pounds best new crop Rice..... 25
6 pounds best loose Oatmeal..... 25
6 pounds best loose Buckwheat Flour..... 25
3 cans best Apples..... 25
3 cans best Cultivated Blackberries..... 25
3 cans best Pumpkins..... 25
2 cans best Peaches..... 25
2 cans best Fruit..... 25
10,000 Double-pointed Toothpicks..... 5

Poultry,
Butter, Eggs,
VEGETABLES.

If you don't believe this just come and see. I
am at 107 East Third.

M. F. COUGHLIN,

THE GROCER.

Pianos and Organs.

If you think of buying a Piano or Organ, call
on the old reliable branch house of D. H. Bald-
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Ky., before purchasing, and save from \$25 to \$100.
We handle the leaders, such as

DECKER BROS., HAINES
and FISCHER PIANOS;

Estey, Story, Clark and Hamilton ORGANS; also
orders taken and promptly filled for all kinds of
smaller instruments and Sheet Music.
F. F. GERBRICH, Agent.

The Jewel.

Get the best. You will save money by doing
so. The JEWEL GAS STOVES (Heating and Cook-
ing) are made of the best material and are un-
equalled. Honesty and ingenuity are combined
in their construction. Try one. For sale by
J. J. FITZGERALD,
The Sanitary Plumber and Steam and Gas Fitter

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—Homeopathic—

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

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Office next door to Daulton Bros.' stable. For
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Are You a Catholic?

Are you unemployed? Will you
work for \$18.00 per week? Write to
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The celebrated Specialist, formerly of New York
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cal Institute, of Louisville, Ky., will be at CEN-
TRAL HOTEL, Maysville.

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has had years of experience in the largest hos-
pitals in the country, is a graduate of several of
the best colleges, and has for a number of years
made a specialty of all chronic and surgical dis-
eases. He treats successfully and does not take
the case unless a cure can be guaranteed.

Acute and Chronic Catarrh, Ringing in Ears,
Deafness, Discharges of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat,
Lungs, Kidney, Urinary and Bladder Troubles,
Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Constipa-
tion, Rheumatism and Paralysis.

Epilepsy or Fits positively cured.
Young or middle-aged men, suffering from
Spermatorrhea, Impotency, Eruptions, the results
of errors or excesses, should call before it is too
late. We guarantee a cure if case has not gone
too far.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

As Syphilis, Scrofula, Stricture, Gleet, etc.,
cured by never-failing remedies.

Diseases of Women, such as Leucorrhoea, Painful
Menstruation, Displacement of Womb, Bearing
Down Pains in Back relieved in short time.

The Doctor carries all his portable instruments
and comes prepared to examine the most obscure
medical and surgical cases. He undertakes no
incurable diseases, but cures hundreds given up
to die. Consultation free and confidential.
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Diamonds,
Watches,
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reasonable terms.



DAILY BULLETIN:

You know how it is your-
self. Doesn't this picture
bring up the good days of
your youth? How we did
enjoy the turkey mother
roasted! Well, let us be
thankful for the rare bless-
ings vouchsafed us to-day,
and with more mature judg-
ment HENRY ORT proposes
your good health and in-
vites your attention to the
proverb,

"Enough"

Is as Good as a Feast."

But at the same time he
invites your attention to
his stock of goods, such as

EXTENSION TABLES,
DINING CHAIRS,
SIDEBOARDS, ETC.

HENRY ORT,

11 EAST SECOND ST.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE

1. The House and 60x125 foot lot on Second
street, formerly owned by Dr. Adamson, deceased.
2. Three 50-foot lots on Fleming pike, cheap.
3. The property occupied by E. P. Parker on
Third street.
4. A 27½ acre farm, one and one-half miles
from city, well improved; \$2,750.
5. A good small house in Sixth ward, \$900.
6. Two good Houses, Forest avenue.
Other property in all parts of city.

A. M. CAMPBELL,

Real Estate Agent.

WORK FOR US

a few days, and you will be startled at the unex-
pected success that will reward your efforts. We
positively have the best business to offer an agent
that can be found on the face of this earth.
\$45.00 profit on \$75.00 worth of business is
being easily and honorably made by and paid to
hundreds of men, women, boys, and girls in our
employ. You can make money faster at work for
us than you have any idea of. The business is so
easy to learn, and instructions so simple and plain,
that all succeed from the start. Those who take
hold of the business reap the advantage that
arises from the sound reputation of one of the
oldest, most successful, and largest publishing
houses in America. Secure for yourself the profits
that the business so readily and handsomely yields.
All beginners succeed grandly, and more than
realize their greatest expectations. Those who
try it find exactly as we tell them. There is plenty
of room for a few more workers, and we urge
them to begin at once. If you are already em-
ployed, but have a few spare moments, and wish
to use them to advantage, then write us at once
(for this is your grand opportunity), and receive
full particulars by return mail. Address,
TRUE & CO., Box No. 400, Augusta, Me.

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Granite, Marble and

FREESTONE WORKS.

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of Mason and adjoining counties. Prompt atten-
tion paid to collections.